

Windows Domain Hardening

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Disclaimer

- All material presented is my own unless otherwise specified.
- Don't take this as the one and only way to do this
 - Your organization is unique, maybe...
 - YMMV

Agenda

- Hardening 101
- Hardening Challenges
- Configuration/Monitoring Tools
- Demo

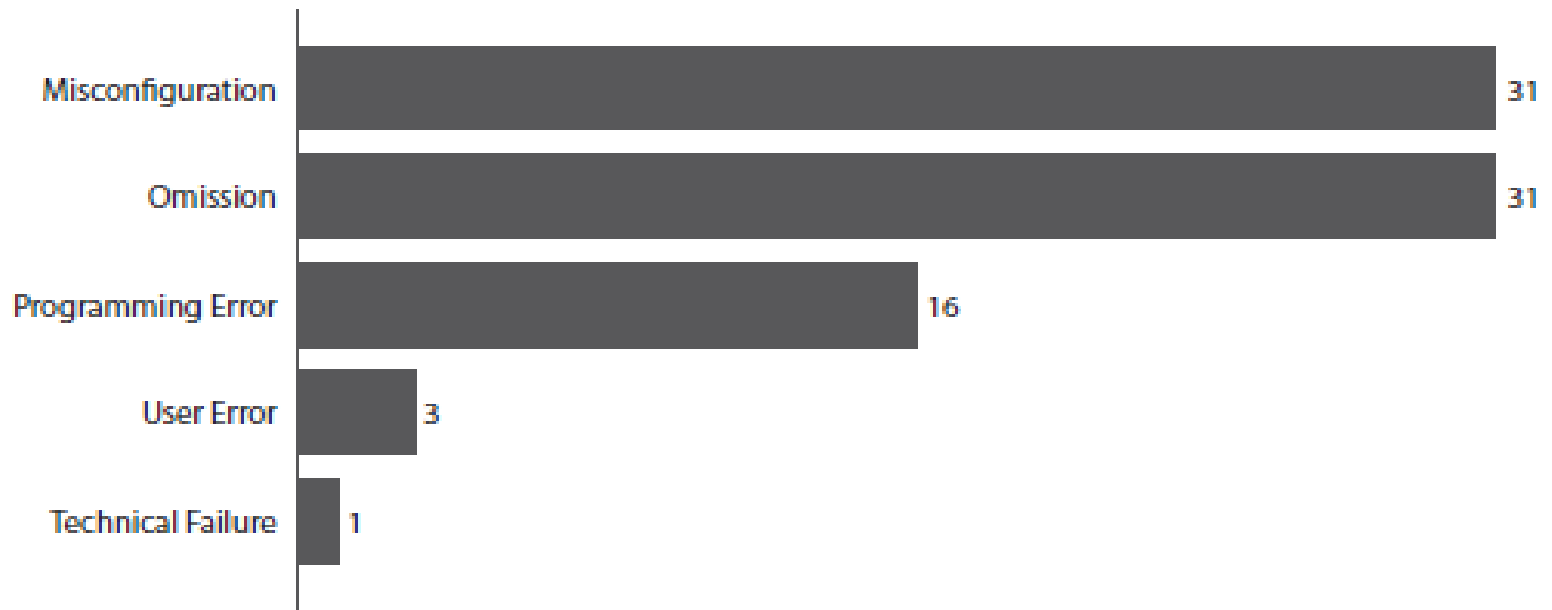


Why do we care?

- Improves system security
 - Systems configured with minimum necessary services
- Improves system availability
 - All systems configured the same
 - Help desk has a single configuration to support
 - Problem on 1 system can be avoided on the rest

No really, why do we care?

Figure 21. Types of error by number of breaches



Verizon DBIR 2010

Common Hardening Tasks

- Apply OS and application patches
- Disable “Administrator” account
- Password requirements
 - Length
 - Complexity
 - Expiration
 - Lockout
- Install Antivirus
- Disable services



THAT'S A
TERRIBLE
IDEA

2.2.6 Set 'Allow log on locally' to 'Administrators' (Scored)

Profile Applicability:

- Level 1 - Domain Controller
- Level 1 - Member Server

Description:

This policy setting determines which users can interactively log on to computers in your environment. Logons that are initiated by pressing the CTRL+ALT+DEL key sequence on the console of the computer, unauthorized users could download and run malicious software to elevate their privileges. The recommended state for this setting is: *Administrators*.

Rationale:

Any account with the Allow log on locally user right can log on at the console of the computer. If you do not restrict this user right to legitimate users who need to be able to log on to the console of the computer, unauthorized users could download and run malicious software to elevate their privileges.

Audit:

Navigate to the UI Path articulated in the Remediation section and confirm it is set as prescribed.

Remediation:

To implement the recommended configuration state, set the following Group Policy setting to *Administrators*.

```
Computer Configuration\Windows Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\User Rights Assignment\Allow log on locally
```

Impact:

If you remove these default groups, you could limit the abilities of users who are assigned to specific administrative roles in your environment. If you have installed optional components such as ASP.NET or Internet Information Services, you may need to assign Allow log on locally to those users.

Default Value:

Administrators, Users, Backup Operators

References:

1. CCE-37659-0

- Start
 - Ce
 - <http://www.microsoft.com/Windows/WS>
 - NS
 - Mic

3

<http://www.microsoft.com/Windows/WS>

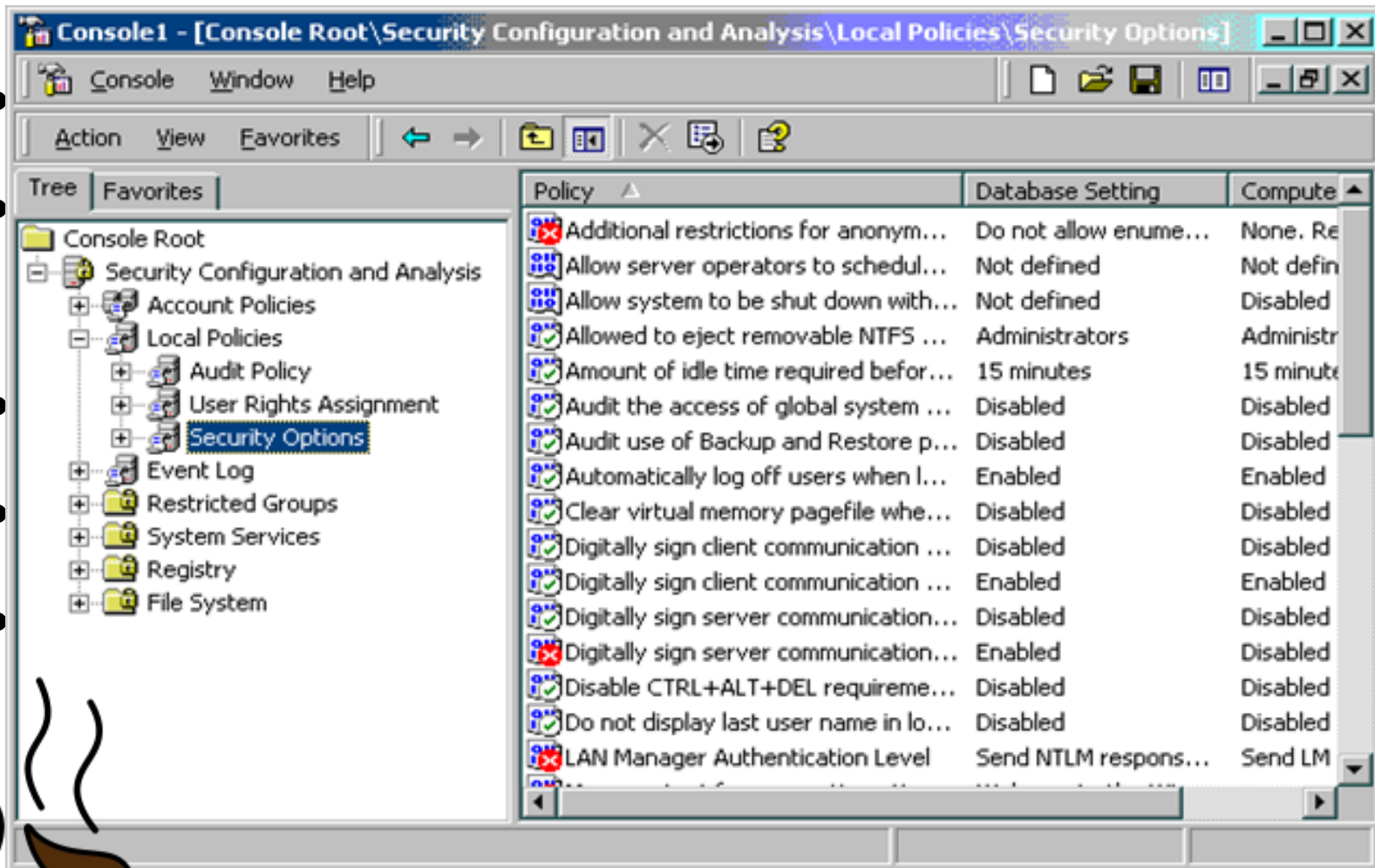
System Hardening Methods

- Manual
 - Human error
 - Personnel must know where the current baseline is
 - Not reasonable with large # of systems
- Automatic
 - Always the same
 - Removes human error

Hardening Tools

- Microsoft Security Configuration and Analysis Tool (SCAT)
- Microsoft Security Compliance Manager (SCM)
- PowerShell Desired State Configuration (DSC)

SCAT



Security Compliance Manager

Copy of WS2012R2 Domain Security Compliance 1.0 9 unique setting(s)

Advanced View

Name	Default	Microsoft	Customized	Severity	Path
Reset account lockout counter after	0	15 minute(s)	15 minute(s)	Critical	Computer Configuration\Windows S
Account lockout threshold	0 invalid logon at	10 invalid logon a	10 invalid logon a	Critical	Computer Configuration\Windows S

Password Attributes 6 Setting(s)

Minimum password age	0 days	1 day(s)	1 day(s)	Critical	Computer Configuration\Windows S
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[Collapse](#)

Severity:

Value must be equal to or greater than 1 day(s).

Not Defined

Comments:

Customize setting value day(s)

The value can range from 0 to 9999.

Setting Details

UI Path:

Computer Configuration\Windows Settings\Security Settings\Account Policies>Password Policy

Description:

This policy setting determines the number of days that you must use a password before you can change it. The range of values for this policy setting is between 1 and 999 days. (You may also set the value to 0 to allow immediate password changes.) The default value for this setting is 0 days.

Additional Details:

CCE-37073-4

Namespace:

root\rsop\computer

Vulnerability:

Users may have favorite passwords that they like to use because they are easy to remember and they believe that their password choice is secure from compromise. Unfortunately, passwords are compromised and if an attacker is targeting a specific individual user account, with foreknowledge of data about that user, reuse of old passwords can cause a security breach. To address password reuse a combination of security settings is required. Using this policy setting with the Enforce password history setting prevents the easy reuse of old passwords. For example, if you configure the Enforce password history setting to ensure that users cannot reuse any of their last 12 passwords, they could change their password 13 times in a row, but they would not be able to reuse any of the last 12 passwords.

Security Compliance Manager

- Gives us baselines from MS for
 - Operating Systems
 - Applications
 - IIS
 - DNS
 - DHCP
 - Internet Explorer
 - MS Office
- Doesn't provide a way to apply to systems

Desired State Configuration (DSC)

- PowerShell feature
 - If you can PowerShell you can use DSC
- DSC you to configure and report on practically anything on the system
 - Registry
 - Files
 - Configurations
 - Services
 - Software

Computers are hard...

- DSC works great if you aren't on a consumer OS
- DSC works great if you have SCCM or SCVMM

How to DSC

- Write a DSC script (I tried and failed)

```
configuration TestScript {  
  param ()  
  Node Localhost  
  {  
    # Create a Test File  
    File CreateTestFile  
    {  
      Ensure      = "Present"  
      DestinationPath = "C:\Temp\example.txt"  
      Contents     = "Example."  
      Type        = "File"  
    }  
  }  
}  
# Create MOF Files  
HelloWorld -OutputPath C:\Temp\TestScript  
# Start DSC Configuration  
Start-DscConfiguration -Path C:\Temp\TestScript -ComputerName Localhost -Verbose -Wait
```



```

PS C:\Windows\system32> configuration HelloWorld {
  param ()
  Node Localhost
  {
    # Create a Test File
    File CreateTestFile
    {
      Ensure           = "Present"
      DestinationPath = "C:\ScriptimusExMachina\example.txt"
      Contents         = "Hello World."
      Type             = "File"
    }
  }
}

# Create MOF Files
HelloWorld -OutputPath C:\ScriptimusExMachina\HelloWorld

# Start DSC Configuration
Start-DscConfiguration -Path C:\ScriptimusExMachina\HelloWorld -ComputerName Localhost -Verbose -Wait

```

Directory: C:\ScriptimusExMachina\HelloWorld

Mode	LastWriteTime	Length	Name
-a---	6/17/2015 2:31 PM	1306	Localhost.mof

```

VERBOSE: Perform operation 'Invoke CimMethod' with following parameters, ''methodName' = SendConfigurationApply,'c
The client cannot connect to the destination specified in the request. Verify that the service on the destination
commonly IIS or WinRM. If the destination is the WinRM service, run the following command on the destination to an
+ CategoryInfo          : ConnectionError: (root/Microsoft/...gurationManager:String) [], CimException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : HRESULT 0x80338012
+ PSComputerName       : Localhost

```

```

VERBOSE: Operation 'Invoke CimMethod' complete.
VERBOSE: Time taken for configuration job to complete is 6.025 seconds

```

```

PS C:\Windows\system32>

```



Check Against the Configuration

- Test-DscConfiguration

```
PS C:\Temp\confout\SetServices> Test-DscConfiguration  
True
```

- Returning the value of “True” means the single value in our MOF is met
- If we change the text in example.txt then we get this

```
PS C:\Temp\confout\SetServices> Test-DscConfiguration  
False
```

You configured one value, GREAT...

- Where you can go from here
 - Convert your orgs baseline to DSC syntax
 - Lots of time the first go
 - Output per system with values that are “False”
 - Startup scripts?
 - Buy SCCM?
 - GPO health!
 - Remove local admin rights

Tell me there is something else!

- Chef
 - <https://www.chef.io/>
- Puppet
 - <https://puppetlabs.com/>
- Nessus
 - <http://www.tenable.com/products/nessus-vulnerability-scanner>

A meme featuring a man in a white lab coat, likely a doctor or scientist, with a serious expression. The background is a blurred office or laboratory setting with other people. The text is overlaid in large, bold, white letters with a black outline.

I'M SORRY MY RESPONSES ARE LIMITED

YOU MUST ASK THE RIGHT QUESTIONS

quickmeme.com