

Assessing External SSL

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Disclaimer

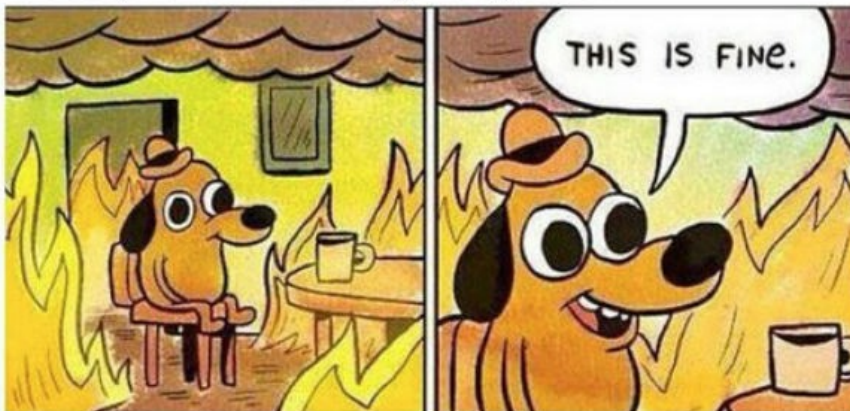
While most of this information is publicly available some consider scanning or enumerate a domain not owned by you to be bad netiquette.

Some of these command can cause lots of traffic to systems. Use with care!

Why Check External SSL?

- Compliance
- Provides protections for customers
- Helps identify gaps in domain management practices. (Seems like most companies don't know what all they have)
- Cause others can too...

Basically how I'm handling life right now



Identifying External Domains

- Identify external network range
 - Whois to CIDR Ranges
 - Any additional recon you want to do (Recon-ng)
- Identifying hosts
 - DNS Enumeration with Nmap
 - Passive DNS
 - Shodan?
 - [DNS Dumpster](#)
 - Subdomain brute forcing

DNS Enumeration Nmap

- Given CIDR we can look for active DNS entries
- Probably don't want to put load on your DNS servers so use google's or someone else's.
- May not find all external hosts since it is only reverse lookup
- If no cache information exists your NS will be queried. Might want to implement a slower enumeration. -T3 or -T2

```
nmap --dns-servers 8.8.8.8,8.8.4.4 -sL  
CIDR
```

CAUTION



Passive DNS Enumeration

- [DNSDB](https://www.dnsdb.info/) - Passive with API to <https://www.dnsdb.info/> - Have to apply for service.
- [DNS Dumpster](#)
- If you subscribe to some Threat Intel Service like RiskIQ or others they may have this data also.

DNS Dumpster Sample

DNS Servers

ns4.domain.mn. 📊 🌐 🔄 📌	50.23.75.44 2c.4b.1732.ip4.static.sl- reverse.com	AS36351 SoftLayer Technologies Inc. United States
ns6.domain.mn. 📊 🌐 🔄 📌	184.173.150.58 3a.96.adb8.ip4.static.sl- reverse.com	AS36351 SoftLayer Technologies Inc. United States
ns3.domain.mn. 📊 🌐 🔄 📌	50.23.136.173 ad.88.1732.ip4.static.sl- reverse.com	AS36351 SoftLayer Technologies Inc. United States
ns5.domain.mn. 📊 🌐 🔄 📌	67.15.253.219 earth.orderbox-dns.com	AS21844 SoftLayer Technologies Inc. United States

MX Records ** This is where email for the domain goes...

0 smtp.secureserver.net. 📊 🌐 🔄	68.178.213.203 p3plibsmtp03- v01.prod.phx3.secureserver.net	AS26496 GoDaddy.com, LLC United States
10 mailstore1.secureserver.net. 📊 🌐 🔄	72.167.238.32 p3pismtp01- 065.prod.phx3.secureserver.net	AS26496 GoDaddy.com, LLC United States

TXT Records ** Find more hosts in Sender Policy Framework (SPF) configurations

DNS Enumeration Continued

- We have domains but don't know what all ports web servers are ran on...
- Can run against default 443 or use DNMAP to scan known domains for other web servers and ports
- Might also want to check for subdomains. DNSRecon, Subbrute, Recon-ng

Qualys SSL Labs API

- performs the same function as the website
- can output into json for parsing
- takes host and port from file or individual server
- Finds common SSL issues
 - Beast
 - RC4
 - POODLE
 - FREAK
 - HeartBleed
 - Logjam
 - + more

Qualys SSL Labs API

- Can also report:
 - SSL Protocol versions supported (SSLv2/3, TLS1 to TLS1.2)
 - Negotiated Protocol based on client
 - Certificate Details (Chain, Issuer, Expiration Date, Strength, Algorithm)
 - Server Signatures
 - HSTS Information

Qualys SSL Labs API - Setup

- Download from [GitHub](#)
- Requires Go ≥ 1.3

Usage of ./ssllabs-scan:

```
-api="BUILTIN": API entry point, for example https://www.example.com/api/  
-grade=false: Output only the hostname: grade  
-hostcheck=false: If true, host resolution failure will result in a fatal error.  
-hostfile="": File containing hosts to scan (one per line)  
-ignore-mismatch=false: If true, certificate hostname mismatch does not stop assessment.  
-insecure=false: Skip certificate validation. For use in development only. Do not use.  
-json-flat=false: Output results in flattened JSON format  
-maxage=0: Maximum acceptable age of cached results, in hours. A zero value is ignored.  
-quiet=false: Disable status messages (logging)  
-usecache=false: If true, accept cached results (if available), else force live scan.  
-verbosity="info": Configure log verbosity: error, notice, info, debug, or trace.  
-version=false: Print version and API location information and exit
```

Qualys SSL Labs Command

```
./ssllabs-scan --quiet=true  
--hostfile=mycompanydomains.txt --ignore-  
mismatch=true --hostcheck=false --usecache=false  
>> results.json
```

- to get the proper json output --quiet needs to be passed
- --ignore-mismatch means if the cert doesn't match the name continue with the check
- --hostcheck=false means if host resolution fails it won't stop the scan
- --usecache=false do not use the existing results if there but to do all the checks again

SSL Labs Json Output

<insert sample or show sample of json output here>

SSL Labs Parser

- python script
- parses json and outputs to xlsx for easy review
- includes most information returned, but not all
- customize for your needs

SSL Labs Parser Example

```
cat mycompanydomains.json |  
./ssllabparser_toxlsx.py
```

- outputs to xlsx named
SSLLabsScanResults_<date>_<time>.xlsx

SSL Labs Parser Example

ALEXA TOP 500

Links

<https://github.com/g1ldedm1n1on/scripts> - sslabsparser_toxlsx.py

<https://dnsdumpster.com>

<https://www.ssllabs.com/ssltest/>

https://www.ssllabs.com/downloads/SSL_Server_Rating_Guide.pdf